Reltio

Introduction to Survivorship strategies, rules and Operational Value (ov) calculation

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This session opens a series of Webinars to deep dive the topic of Entity Resolution and Survivorship rules The goal of this session is to Outline the bedrock of Entity Resolution - OV, Survivorship Rules and Strategies Set a basis for the next webinar where we will start to dive deeper into the data model techniques and advanced survivorship strategies including fallback strategies that allows to model complex business solutions

Agenda

- ★ Introduction and goals of this webinar
- ★ Reltio MDM Entity Resolution
- ★ Operational Values (OV)
- ★ OV in User Interfaces
- ★ OV in data structures, data cleanse and profile matching
- ★ OV calculator
- ★ Survivorship rules and groups
- ★ Structure of the survivorship group
- ★ Survivorship strategies structure
- ★ Survivorship strategies types
- ★ Walk-through Survivorship strategies
 - LUD(Last Update Date)
 - SRC_SYS
 - Frequency
 - Aggregation

- OldestValue
- MinValue/MaxValue
- WinnerEntityCrosswalk
- OtherAttributeWinnerCrosswalk



Entity Resolution

Cross	walk A
Attribute	Value
First Name	Michael
Last Name	Frasca

Cross	walk B
Attribute	Value
First name	Mike
Last Name	F.

Entity Resolution happens on the attribute level where each attribute value loses or wins (survive). Survived value is called operational value OV, it is calculated by OV calculator based on survivorship rules set for each attribute type.

Entity Resolution

Resolved Object					
Attribute	Operational Value	Non Operational Value			
First Name	Mike	Michael			
Last Name	Frasca	F.			



Operational Values (OV)

OV (or "operational value") is a boolean property of the attribute that defines the state of the resolved business object on the level of each individual attribute of that object.

OV is a mandatory property of the attribute, its value can only be true or false.

It is set for all types of attributes - Simple, Nested, Sub-nested, Reference and Sub-reference.

Each attribute can have 0, 1, or multiple values that are marked as operational.

Sample attribute structure. The first value is operational:

```
"FirstName": [
        "type": "configuration/entityTypes/HCP/attributes/FirstName",
        "ov": true,
        "value": "Simon",
        "uri": "entities/3pJiMCX/attributes/FirstName/N801VbpB"
    },
        "type": "configuration/entityTypes/HCP/attributes/FirstName",
        "ov": false,
        "value": "SIMON",
        "uri": "entities/3pJiMCX/attributes/FirstName/LzNnWJgh"
    },
        "type": "configuration/entityTypes/HCP/attributes/FirstName",
        "ov": false,
        "value": "simon",
        "uri": "entities/3pJiMCX/attributes/FirstName/LzNnWNwx'
```



OV in User Interfaces

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+ Add

OV in data structures

OV and non-OV values of the attribute associated with crosswalks via attribute uri





OV calculator

- Operational Value is calculated based on the Survivorship rules, based on Survivorship strategies
- Survivorship rules and Survivorship strategies are two different concepts
- Strategies are parts of the predefined logic that can be used to calculate ov.
- Rules describe which strategy from the specified ones will be applied to the attribute and whether extended settings for ov calculation are applied
- Operational Value is not stored and is calculated on the fly every time an operation is applied to an entity. Every time survivorship rule is changed, ReindexTask and RebuildMatchTable tasks are required

```
Survivorship Rule
```

· · · · }.

Other calculation rules

- Pinned values are always OV and rules are not applied to them
- Ignored values and end-dated crosswalks are not participating in OV calculation

OV operations

Sample configuration of the address cleanse operation that will be applied only to operational values of the address:

```
"cleanse":[
```

```
"cleanseFunction":"Loqate",
"options":{
    "loqateKey":"2ebdcf4ae28ff15",
    "loqateDefaultCountry":"US",
    "returnUnverifiedStatus":true,
    "process":"v+g",
    "ovOnly":true,
    "opts":{
        "PreferPrimaryValidAlias":"Yes"
    }
}
```

Other operations:

- OV-only search
- OV-only export
- OV-only matching
 - matchOvOnly parameter
- OV-only Bulk Update (New in 22.1)



Survivorship rules and groups

Survivorship rules are specified in a business configuration in a section "survivorshipGroups" for each entity and relation type. All the survivorship rules, which are called "mappings" in a configuration, are wrapped into "survivorship group". Groups allow applying different rules for users with different roles.



Sample Group



Structure of survivorship group

- Uri uri of the group, the last part is a group name
- "Default" flag. Non-default groups are used for rulesets (we will consider in the next sessions), i.e. it can be assigned to a specific user role. Default groups are used by all the users who don't have the specified roles.
- mapping the main section that describes which strategy must be applied to which attribute and what to do if we have no winner values or too many of them. "Mapping" elements:
 - attribute a uri of an attribute to apply this mapping to. It can be simple, nested, sub-nested and reference attribute, existing in this entity/relation type. It is prohibited to set a mapping for sub-reference attributes - it must be set in a referenced entity instead.
 - We cannot have a mapping for the same attribute inside one group, otherwise we'll get a validation error.
- survivorship strategy a name of the strategy from "survivorshipStrategies"



We can have any number of survivorship groups, but 1 must be marked as default.

If you specify several groups as default - a validation error will be thrown during the attempt to save configuration.

default	+	default	=	error
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Structure of survivorship strategy

- "survivorshipStrategies" section is placed on the same level as "sources", "entityTypes", "relationTypes" and other elements in a business configuration
- It covers the following functions:
 - Defines which strategies can be used on particular tenant
 - Defines strategies labels that are used in UI

- Each item in the configuration can contain the following fields:
 - Uri (obligatory) a survivorship strategy identified. A name of a strategy = the last part of it. This is what we use in survivorship rules.
 - Label (obligatory) a name of a strategy for UI

```
"uri": "configuration/survivorshipStrategies/LUD",
       "label": "Recency"
····},
       "uri": "configuration/survivorshipStrategies/Frequency",
       "label": "Frequency"
"uri": "configuration/survivorshipStrategies/Aggregation".
       "label": "Aggregation"
···· },
       "uri": "configuration/survivorshipStrategies/SRC_SYS",
       "label": "Source system"
···· },
       "uri": "configuration/survivorshipStrategies/OldestValue",
       "label": "Oldest value"
···· },
       "uri": "configuration/survivorshipStrategies/MinValue",
       "label": "Minimum value"
····},
       "uri": "configuration/survivorshipStrategies/MaxValue",
       "label": "Maximum value"
```

Basic types of survivorship strategies

Basic Strategies

- LUD
- SRC_SYS
- Frequency
- Aggregation
- OldestValue
- MinValue
- MaxValue
- OtherAttributeWinnerCrosswalk
- WinnerEntityCrosswalk

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Add							
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			✓ Recency				
			Reltio Cleanser or N	lothing			
			Recency				
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			Aggregation				
			Source system				
			Oldest value				
			Minimum value				
			Maximum value				
			Other Attribute Winn	ner Crossw	/alk		



LUD - Last Update Date



First Name Attribute Operational Value : Mike



Frequency



Aggregation





MinValue/MaxValue



Other Attribute Winner Crosswalk



WinnerEntityCrosswalk



FirstName Attribute Operational Value : Mike